





Corrigendum: Changes in Obesity Prevalence Attributable to Ultra-Processed Food Consumption in Brazil Between 2002 and 2009

Maria Laura Louzada ^{1,2}*, Eurídice Martinez Steele ², Leandro F. M. Rezende ³, Renata Bertazzi Levy ⁴ and Carlos Augusto Monteiro ^{1,2}

¹School of Public Health, University of São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil, ²Center for Epidemiological Research in Nutrition and Health, School of Public Health, University of São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil, ³Departamento de Medicina Preventiva, Escola Paulista de Medicina, Universidade Federal de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil, ⁴Faculty of Medicine, University of São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil

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In the original article, there was a mistake in **Table 3** as published. The 95% CI in the last column is "0.88 to 2.29" and not "0.33 to 1.59". The corrected **Table 3** appears below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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*Correspondence:

Maria Laura Louzada maria.laura.louzada@usp.br

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TABLE 3 | Prevalence of obesity predicted from two multiple-adjusted linear regression models^a according to alternative scenarios regarding the consumption of ultra-processed foods. Brazilian households strata in 2002/3 (n = 443) and 2008/9 (n = 550).

Survey year	Population distribution of consumption of ultra- processed foods as in	Predicted multiple- adjusted prevalence of obesity (%)		Population distribution of consumption of ultra- processed	Predicted prevalence of obesity (%)		Difference between predicted values	
		Mean	95% CI	foods as in	Mean	95% CI	Mean	95% CI
2002/3	2002/3	10.15	9.79; 10.53	2008/9	10.53	10.38; 10.69	0.38	-0.14 to
2008/9	2002/3	12.55	12.26; 12.84	2008/9	14.11	13.66; 14.55	1.55	0.88 to 2.29

^aModels adjusted for household income per capita, setting (urban/rural), region of the country, percentage of expenditure on eating out of home, proportion of children, women and the elderly in stratum.

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